بروندادهای علمی منتج از مطالعه کوهورت بالاده (تعداد و عناوین مقالات،گایدلاین، پایان نامه ها و کتب و ...):

تعداد مقالات منتج از مطالعه ۲۱ و تعداد پایان نامه ها ۲۷ می باشد.

عنوان مقالات:

- 1-Preventable predictors of liver fibrosis in a general population.
- 2-The association between waterpipe smoking and gastroesophageal reflux disease
- 3- A Comprehensive Look at Irritable Bowel Syndrome and its Associated Factors Considering the Rome IV Criteria: A Penalized Smoothly Clipped Absolute Deviation Regression Approach in the Pars Cohort Study.
- 4-Epidemiology of Adult Diabetes Mellitus and its Correlates in Pars Cohort Study in Southern Iran.
- 5-Effectiveness of Polypill for Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease (PolyPars): Protocol of a Randomized ControlledTrial
- 6-Upper Normal Limit of Serum Alanine Aminotransferase and ItsAssociation with Metabolic Risk Factors in Pars Cohort Study
- 7-Oral Health Status in the Pars Cohort Study
- 8-Agreement between laboratory-based and non-laboratory-based Framingham risk score in Southern Iran
- 9-Prevalence of Hepatitis B and C Infections and AssociatedRisk Factors in Pars Cohort Study, Southern Iran.
- 10-Prevalence, Pattern, and Correlates of Polypharmacy among Iranian Type II Diabetic Patients: Results from Pars Cohort Study.

- 11-Comparison of laboratory-based and non-laboratory-based WHO cardiovascular disease risk charts: a population-based study
- 12-Pictogram Is a Valid Instrument to Classify At-Risk Adult Population Based on Abdominal Obesity: Results from Pars Cohort Study.
- 13-The pattern of medication use, and determinants of the prevalence of polypharmacy among patients with a recent history of depressive disorder: results from the pars cohort study
- 14-Prevalence of Chronic Constipation and Its AssociatedFactors in Pars Cohort Study: A Studyof 9000 Adults in Southern Iran
- 15-Prevalence and Correlates of Gastroesophageal RefluxDisease in Southern Iran: Pars Cohort Study
- 16-Epidemiologic Study of Opium Use in Pars Cohort Study: A Study of 9000 Adults in a Rural Southern Area of Iran
- 17-Prevalence, Awareness, Treatment, Control, and Correlates of Hypertension in the Pars Cohort Study
- 18-Smoking Water-Pipe, Opium Use and Prevalence of Heart Disease: A Cross-sectional Analysis of Baseline Data from the Pars Cohort Study, Southern Iran.
- 19-Pars cohort study of non-communicable diseases in Iran: protocol and preliminary results.
- 20-Population-based pattern of medication use and prevalence of polypharmacy among patients with cardiovascular diseases: results of the Pars cohort study from Iran
- 21-Association between Nontraditional Risk Factors and Calculated 10-Year Risk of Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease in a Large General Population: Based on the Pars Cohort Study

فهرست مقدماتی دانشجویان اولین دوره MD/MPH دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شیراز متقاضی اخذ پایان نامه با استاد دکتر ملک زاده در کوهورت پارس:

نام دانشجو	عنوان	ردیف
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سیده فاطمه میر احمدی	Food & nutrient intake in Pars Cohort	۵
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سید مجتبی قرشی	Normal range of LDL, HDL estimated from PCS	٩
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